Post Operative Discharge Instructions

Instructions Regarding your Recovery:

Medicines

•	You may be prescribed pain medicine. Do not wait until your pain becomes severe before taking the medicine. It may not work as well if you wait too long to take it between doses. Medication Ordered:				
•	 □ Prescription given at Office □ Prescription to be given at discharge □ N/A You may be prescribed antibiotics to help treat or prevent infection. Be sure to take all of the antibiotic even if you start to feel better. 				
	Medication Ordered:				
<u>Diet</u>					
	Start with liquids and then slowly Drink plenty of fluids Other instructions:		-		
<u>Activ</u>	<u>rity</u>				
	Rest as often as needed				
	Walk as often as you feel able	☐ Full Weight Bearing☐ Non-Weight Bearing		☐ Partial Weight Bearing%	
	Use assistive device as ordered	☐ Crutches	☐ Walker	☐ Cane	
	☐ Do not do any strenuous activities for weeks				
	☐ Avoid lifting anything over 10 pounds for weeks				
	☐ Avoid driving until your post operative check up at the office				



5301 South Congress Avenue, Atlantis, FLPOST OPERATIVE DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS



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Patient Identification/Label

Post Operative Discharge Instructions **Instructions Regarding your Recovery:** ☐ Do the coughing and breathing exercises you were taught in the hospital. If you were given an incentive spirometer to help with breathing, use it as directed. This is important and will help prevent lung infections Ask your healthcare provider when you can return to work at your post-op visit Incision and drain care ☐ Keep your incision clean and dry. It's OK to wash the skin around your incision with mild soap and water ☐ Dressing can be removed after hours. Keep clean and dry ☐ If you have a drain, record the amount of drainage daily. You will need to empty the drain and clean the attached tubing daily. ☐ Do not sit in a bathtub, pool, or hot tub until your incision is closed and any drains are removed ☐ When coughing or sneezing, hold a pillow firmly against your incision with both hands. This is called "splinting." Doing this helps protect your incision and decreases discomfort ☐ Avoid picking, scratching, or pulling at your incision □ Do not use oils, or creams on your incision Follow-up You will have one or more follow-up visits with your healthcare provider. These are needed to check how well you're healing. Your drain, stitches, or staples may also be removed during these visits. ☐ Your Post op follow-up appointment is scheduled for ☐ Call your physician office to schedule your post-op visit When to call the healthcare provider Call your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following: Fever of 101°F or higher, or as advised by your healthcare provider Pain or tenderness in the leg Increased pain, redness, swelling, bleeding, or foul-smelling drainage at the incision site Incision separates or comes apart Problems with the drain if you have one Pain or hardness around you incision that gets worse or isn't relieved by pain medicine Nausea and vomiting that won't go away Diarrhea that lasts more than 3 days Constipation or inability to pass gas for more than 3 days Dark-colored or bloody urine Bright red or dark black stools Itchy, swollen skin; skin rash Problems urinating If you have chest pain, trouble breathing or have a medical emergency call 911 or go directly to the closest

HCA Florida

Physician Signature

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Emergency Room

POS

HCAFL-H-JFK-10101 Rev. 06/2018

Page 2 of 2

Print Name

Patient Identification/Label

Date

Time